



50W Multiple-Stage Constant Current Mode LED Driver

LCM-60U series



Standard



Optional



■ Features

- Constant Current mode output with multiple levels selectable by dip switch
- Plastic housing with class II design
- Built-in active PFC function
- Functions: 3 in 1 dimming (dim-to-off); Auxiliary DC output; synchronization up to 10 units
- Optional: Wireless LED driver with integrated EnOcean module
- 3 years warranty

■ Applications

- LED indoor lighting
- LED office lighting
- LED architectural lighting
- LED panel lighting

■ Description

LCM-60U series is a 50W LED AC/DC constant current mode output LED driver featuring the multiple levels selectable by dip switch. LCM-60U operates from 90~132VAC and offers different current levels ranging between 500mA and 1400mA. Thanks to the efficiency up to 89%, with the fanless design, the entire series is able to operate for -30°C~+90°C case temperature under free air convection. LCM-60U is equipped with various functions, such as the dimming function and synchronization, so as to provide the optimal design flexibility for LED lighting system.

■ Model Encoding

LCM - 60U □

EO: Optional wireless EnOcean module

Output wattage

Series name

Type	Function	Note
Blank	3 in 1 dimming (dime-to-off)	In Stock
EO	Wireless driver with integrated EnOcean module	By request

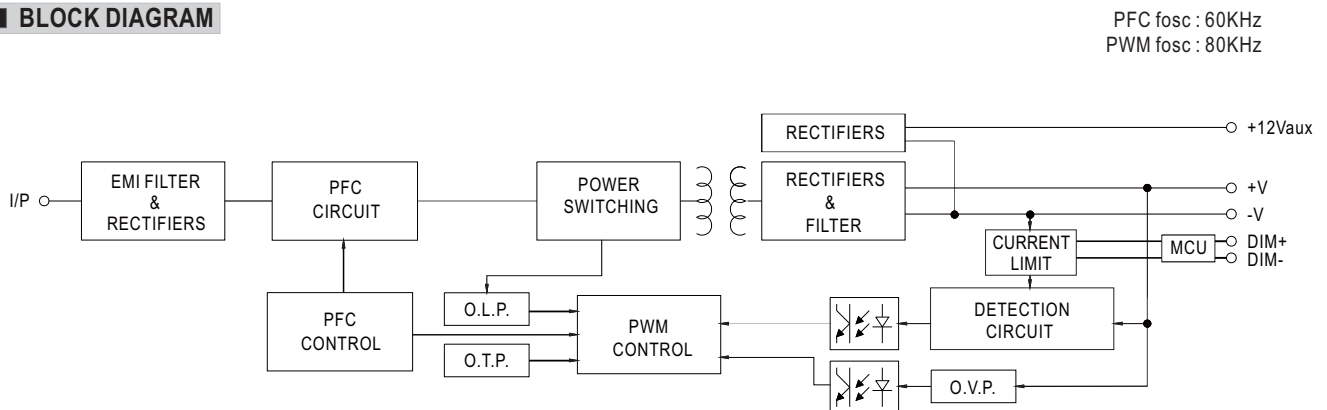


50W Multiple-Stage Constant Current Mode LED Driver **LCM-60U** series

SPECIFICATION

MODEL		LCM-60U					
OUTPUT	CURRENT LEVEL	Current level selectable via DIP switch, please refer to "DIP SWITCH TABLE" section					
		500mA	600mA	700mA(default)	900mA	1050mA	1400mA
	RATED POWER	50.4W					
	DC VOLTAGE RANGE	2 ~ 90V	2 ~ 84V	2 ~ 72V	2 ~ 56V	2 ~ 48V	2 ~ 36V
	OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE (max.)	102V			76V		
	CURRENT RIPPLE Note.6	5.0% max. @rated current					
	CURRENT TOLERANCE	±5%					
	AUXILIARY DC OUTPUT	Nominal 12V(deviation 11.4~12.6V)@50mA					
	SETUP TIME Note.3	1000ms / 115VAC					
INPUT	VOLTAGE RANGE Note.2	90 ~ 132VAC 127 ~ 186VDC (Please refer to "STATIC CHARACTERISTIC" section)					
	FREQUENCY RANGE	47 ~ 63Hz					
	POWER FACTOR (Typ.)	PF ≥ 0.98/115VAC @full load (Please refer to "POWER FACTOR (PF) CHARACTERISTIC" section)					
	TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION	THD< 20%(@load≥60%) (Please refer to "TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION(THD)" section)					
	EFFICIENCY (Typ.) Note.4	89%					
	AC CURRENT (Typ.)	0.65A/115VAC					
	INRUSH CURRENT (Typ.)	COLD START 15A(twidth=270μs measured at 50% Ipeak) at 115VAC; Per NEMA 410					
	MAX. No. of PSUs on 16A CIRCUIT BREAKER	15 units (circuit breaker of type B) / 25 units (circuit breaker of type C) at 115VAC					
	LEAKAGE CURRENT	<0.5mA / 120VAC					
PROTECTION	SHORT CIRCUIT	Constant current limiting, recovers automatically after fault condition is removed					
	OVER VOLTAGE	105 ~ 125V Shutdown o/p voltage, re-power on to recover					
	OVER TEMPERATURE	Shutdown o/p voltage, re-power on to recover					
FUNCTION	WIRELESS PROTOCOL(Optional)	EnOcean standard 902 MHz or USA/Canada; Max. device(switch) saved into the memory : 33					
	DIMMING	Please refer to "DIMMING OPERATION" section					
	SYNCHRONIZATION	Please refer to "SYNCHRONIZATION OPERATION" section					
	TEMP. COMPENSATION	By external NTC, please refer to "TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION OPERATION"section					
ENVIRONMENT	WORKING TEMP.	Tcase=-30 ~ +90℃ (Please refer to " OUTPUT LOAD vs TEMPERATURE" section)					
	MAX. CASE TEMP.	Tcase=+90℃					
	WORKING HUMIDITY	20 ~ 90% RH non-condensing					
	STORAGE TEMP., HUMIDITY	-40 ~ +80℃, 10 ~ 95% RH					
	TEMP. COEFFICIENT	±0.03%/℃ (0 ~ 40℃)					
	VIBRATION	10 ~ 500Hz, 2G 10min./1cycle, period for 60min. each along X, Y, Z axes					
SAFETY & EMC	SAFETY STANDARDS	UL8750 approved					
	DALI STANDARDS	Comply with IEC62386-101, 102, 207					
	WITHSTAND VOLTAGE	I/P-O/P:3.75KVAC					
	ISOLATION RESISTANCE	I/P-O/P:>100M Ohms / 500VDC / 25℃ / 70% RH					
	EMC EMISSION	Compliance to FCC part 15 Subpart B					
OTHERS	MTBF	193.6K hrs min. MIL-HDBK-217F (25℃)					
	DIMENSION	123.5*81.5*23mm (L*W*H)					
	PACKING	0.28Kg ; 54pcs/16Kg/1.12CUFT					
NOTE	1. All parameters NOT specially mentioned are measured at 115VAC input, rated current and 25℃ of ambient temperature. 2. De-rating may be needed under low input voltages. Please refer to "STATIC CHARACTERISTIC" sections for details. 3. Length of set up time is measured at first cold start. Turning ON/OFF the driver may lead to increase of the set up time. 4. Efficiency is measured at 700mA/72V output set by DIP switch. 5. The driver is considered as a component that will be operated in combination with final equipment. Since EMC performance will be affected by the complete installation, the final equipment manufacturers must re-qualify EMC Directive on the complete installation again. 6. It is measured 60%~100% of maximum voltage under rated power delivery.						

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM

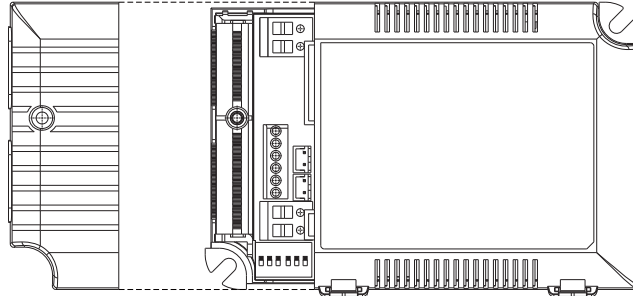


■ DIP SWITCH TABLE

LCM-60U is a multiple-stage constant current driver, selection of output current through DIP switch is exhibited below.

Io \ DIP S.W.	1	2	3	4	5	6
500mA	----	----	----	----	----	----
600mA	ON	----	----	----	----	----
700mA(factory default)	ON	ON	----	----	----	----
900mA	ON	ON	ON	----	----	ON
1050mA	ON	ON	ON	ON	----	ON
1400mA	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON	ON

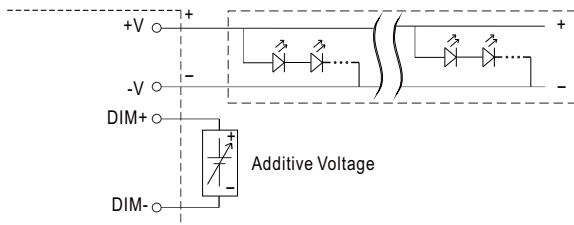
■ DIMMING OPERATION



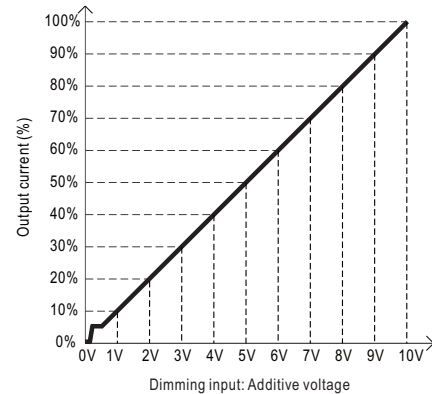
※ 3 in 1 dimming function

- Output constant current level can be adjusted by applying one of the three methodologies between DIM+ and DIM-:
0 ~ 10VDC, or 10V PWM signal or resistance. For optional EO model, the 3 in 1 dimming is via SYNC+ and SYNC-(CN100 or CN101 connector).
- Direct connecting to LEDs is suggested. It is not suitable to be used with additional drivers.
- Dimming source current from power supply: 100 μ A (typ.)

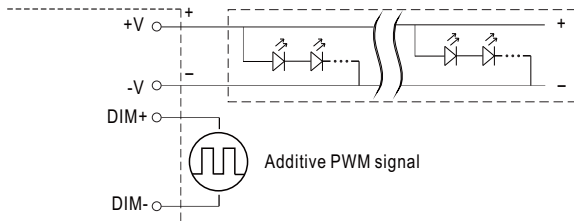
◎ Applying additive 0 ~ 10VDC



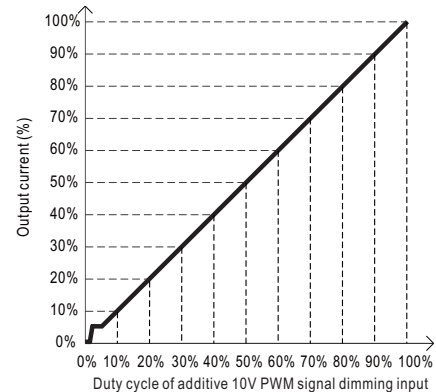
"DO NOT connect "DIM- to -V"



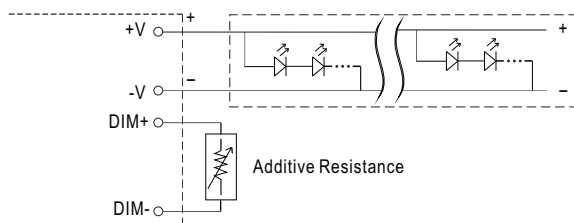
◎ Applying additive 10V PWM signal (frequency range 100Hz ~ 3KHz):



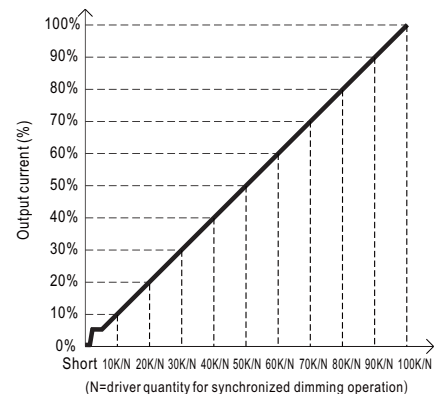
"DO NOT connect "DIM- to -V"



◎ Applying additive resistance:



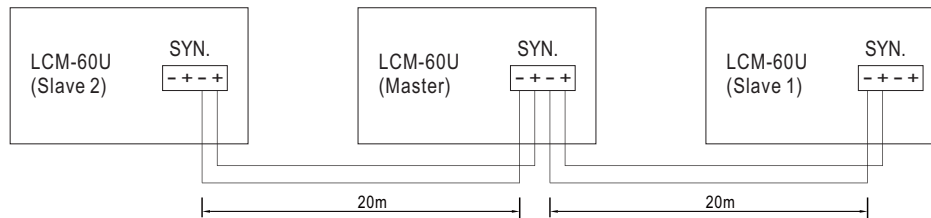
"DO NOT connect "DIM- to -V"



- Note : 1. Min. dimming level is about 6% and the output current is not defined when 0% < I_{out} < 6%.
2. The output current could drop down to 0% when dimming input is about 0k Ω or 0Vdc, or 10V PWM signal with 0% duty cycle.
3. Please do not activate "temperature compensation" when performing dimming operation.

■ SYNCHRONIZATION OPERATION

- Synchronization up to 10 drivers (1 master + 9 slaves)
- Maximum cable length between each unit : 20 meter.

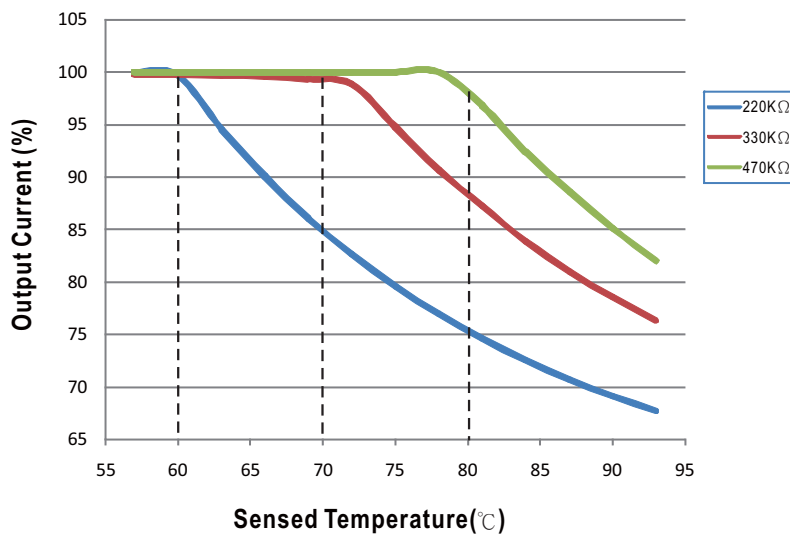


NOTE: Please make sure all units are set to 100% dimming setting(factory default) before synchronizing.
For optional EO model: the master is EO and the slave could be standard model for economic arrangement.

■ TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION OPERATION

LCM-60U have the built-in temperature compensation function ; by connecting a temperature sensor (NTC resistor) between the +NTC / -NTC terminal of LCM-60U and the detecting point on the lighting system or the surrounding environment, output current of LCM-60U could be correspondingly changed, based on the sensed temperature, to ensure the long life of LED.

NTC derating curve



- ◎ LCM-60U can still be operated normally when the NTC resistor is not connected and the value of output current will be the current level selected through the DIP switch.
- ◎ NTC reference:

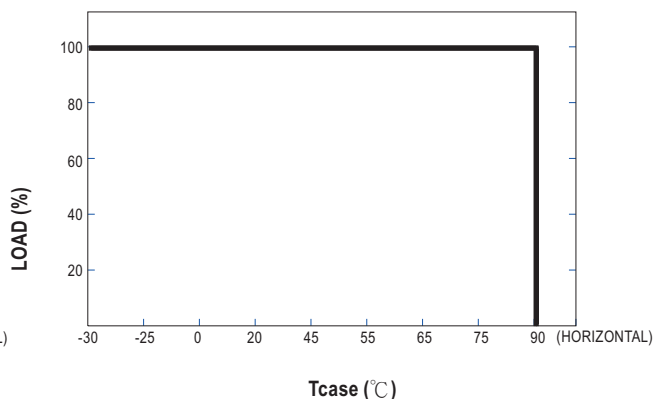
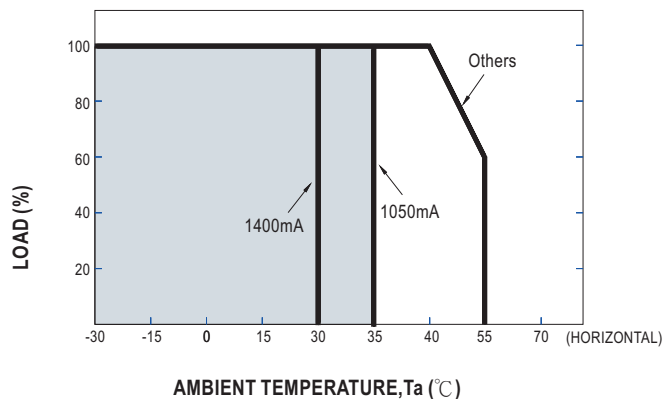
NTC resistance	Output Current
220K	< 60°C, 100% of the rated current (corresponds to the setting current level) > 60°C, output current begins to reduce, please refer to the curve for details.
330K	< 70°C, 100% of the rated current (corresponds to the setting current level) > 70°C, output current begins to reduce, please refer to the curve for details.
470K	< 80°C, 100% of the rated current (corresponds to the setting current level) > 80°C, output current begins to reduce, please refer to the curve for details.

Notes: 1. MEAN WELL does not offer the NTC resistor and all the data above are measured by using THINKING TTC03 series.

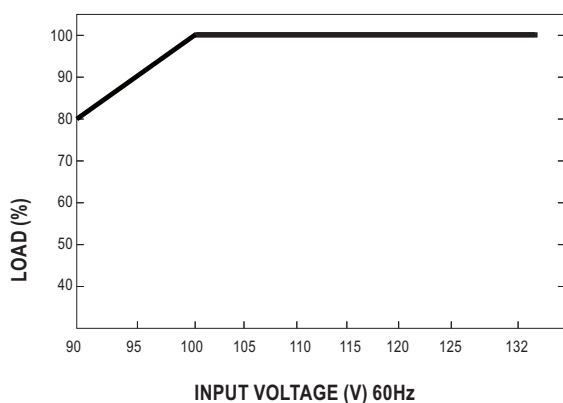
2. If other brands of NTC resistor is applied, please check the temperature curve first.

- ◎ Dimming and synchronization function of the driver will be invalid when the "temperature compensation" function is in use.

■ OUTPUT LOAD vs TEMPERATURE



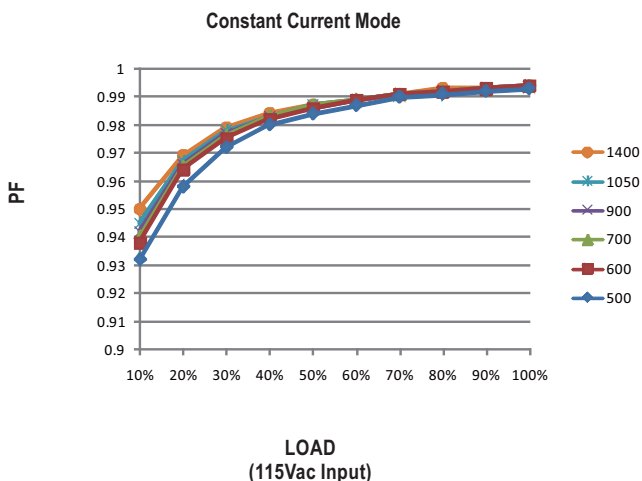
■ STATIC CHARACTERISTIC



※ De-rating is needed under low input voltage.

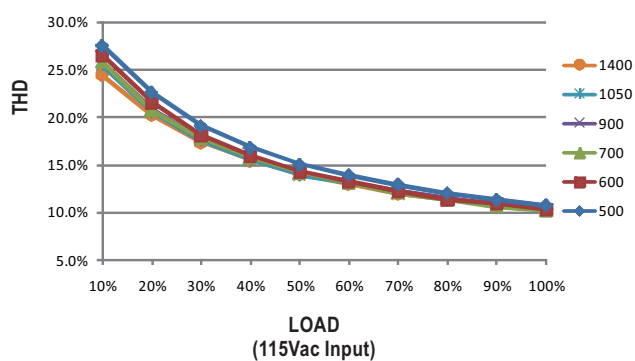
■ POWER FACTOR (PF) CHARACTERISTIC

※ T_{case} at 80°C



■ TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION (THD)

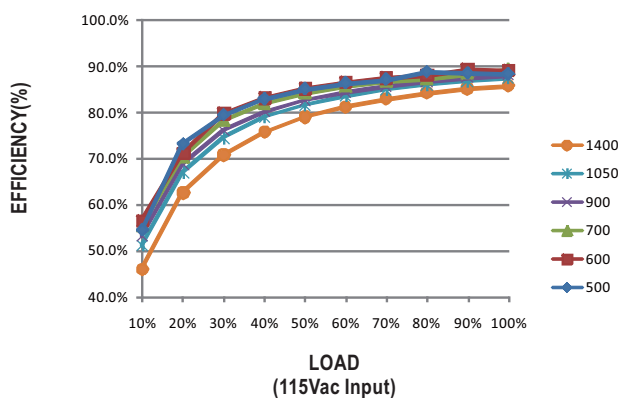
※ T_{case} at 80°C



■ EFFICIENCY vs LOAD

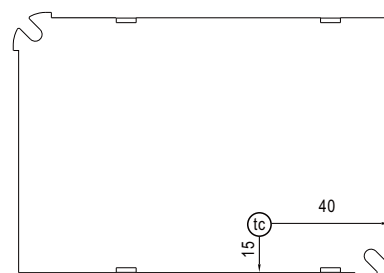
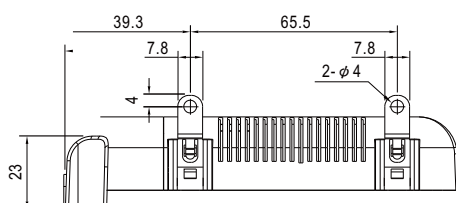
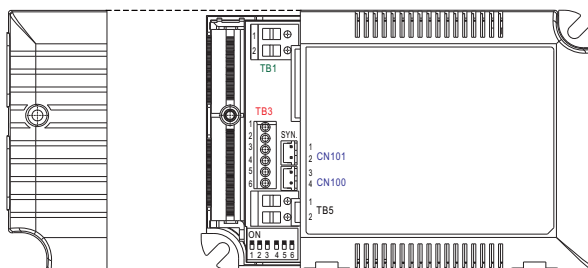
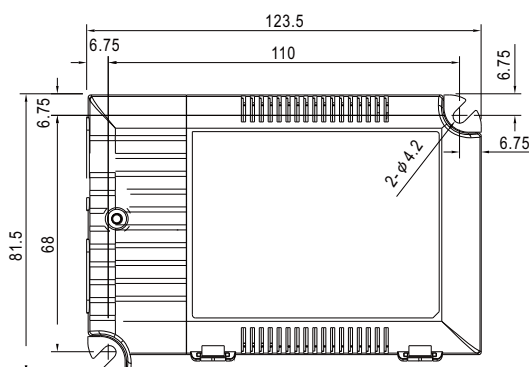
LCM-60U series possess superior working efficiency that up to 89% can be reached in field applications.

※ T_{case} at 80°C



MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION

Case No.LCM-60A Unit:mm



Bottom View

• (tc) : Max. Case Temperature

※ Terminal Pin No. Assignment(TB1)

Pin No.	Assignment
1	AC/L
2	AC/N

※ Terminal Pin No. Assignment(TB3)

Pin No.	Assignment	Pin No.	Assignment	Pin No.	Assignment
1	+FAN	3	+NTC	5	DIM+
2	-FAN	4	-NTC	6	DIM-

◎ Pin1(+FAN) / Pin2(-FAN) is the Auxiliary DC output;it can be used to drive fan.

※ Terminal Pin No. Assignment(TB5)

Pin No.	Assignment
1	+V
2	-V

※ SYN. Connector(CN101/CN100):JST B2B-XH or equivalent

Pin No.	Assignment	Mating Housing	Terminal
1,3	+	JST XHP or equivalent	JST SXH-001T-P0.6 or equivalent
2,4	-		

※ The following is only for Optional EO model:

■ LRN button description

LRN (Learn) Button:

Shortly press (around 2 second) the button to enter linking (pairing) / unlinking mode.

The LED lamp connected at the output of LCM starts toggling between 10% and 90% indicating that linking mode is active. Once activated, this mode stays active to provide time to link or unlink multiple switches. The mode will stop and bak to normal mode after 30 seconds if no wireless telegram from switch is received.

For the switch to be linked, click the "I" button (top button marked on the switch plastic or "I" symbol on the back of the switch 4 times quickly, In case the output is continuous 100% 4 seconds, it mean the switch is linked successfully.

The LED driver is now ready to accept new links on another switch.

In case a linked switch to be unlinked, please use the same action as described from the linking method above.

To exit linking / unlinking mode and return to normal operation, wait 30 seconds without doing anything or shortly press the button again.

In order to clear all linked switches and reset the LED driver to factory settings, please press and hold the button for 10 seconds.

■ Installation & Pairing

Hardware connection:

- 1.Connect the LED lamp to the driver.
- 2.Connect the driver to the AC mains.

There are two approaches for linking(pairing):

- 1.Using the LRN button on the driver

The instruction is in the LRN button description.

- 2.Using the NAVIGAN wireless software

Benefit to use NAVIGAN is more dimming parameters can be configured .

The software can be download in the website link below.

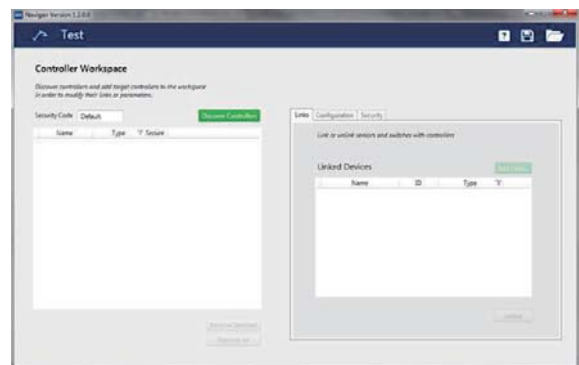
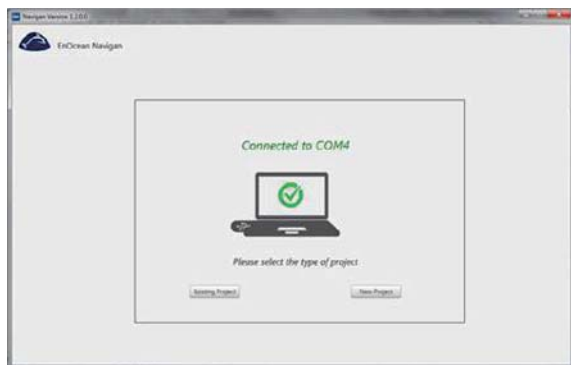
<http://www.navigan.com/>

After the software installation, insert the NWC300 into one of USB port from the computer.

For more details, please check the manual.



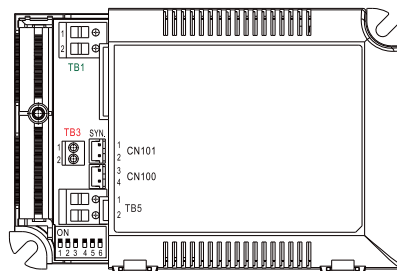
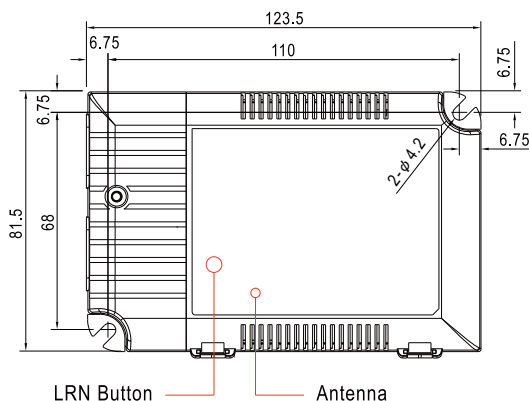
NWC300



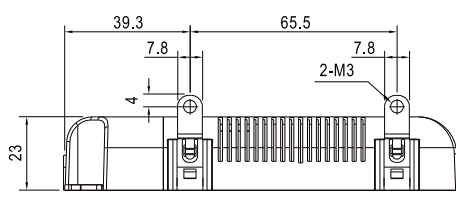
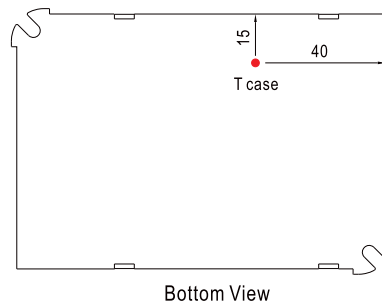
※The following is only for Optional EO model

Case No.LCM-60A Unit:mm

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION



※ T case: Max. Case Temperature.



※ Terminal Pin No. Assignment(TB1)

Pin No.	Assignment
1	AC/L
2	AC/N

※ Terminal Pin No. Assignment(TB3)

Pin No.	Assignment
1	+NTC
2	-NTC

※ Terminal Pin No. Assignment(TB5)

Pin No.	Assignment
1	+Vo
2	-Vo

※ SYN. or DC 0-10V Dimming

Connector(CN101/CN100):JST B2B-XH or equivalent

Pin No.	Assignment	Mating Housing	Terminal
1,3	+	JST XHP or equivalent	JST SXH-001T-P0.6 or equivalent
2,4	-		

■ Interoperable products / EnOcean Equipment Profile(EEP)

Support Equipment	Telegram
Rocker Pad Switch	F6-02-02
Occupancy Sensor	F5-07-01
Occupancy Sensor	A5-07-02
Occupancy Sensor	A5-07-03
Light Level Sensor	A5-06-02
Light Level Sensor	A5-06-03
Central Controller	A5-38-08
Demand Response	A5-37-01

■ World Coverage Map

COUNTRY/REGION	STANDARD	FREQUENCY
Aruba	Possibly R & TTE Directive	868 MHz-Confirm with test house
Australia / New Zealand	N.A.	
Barbados	N.A.	Note1
Bermuda	N.A.	Note1
Bolivia	N.A.	Note1
Brazil	ANATEL	868 MHz
British Virgin Islands	N.A.	Note1
Cayman Islands	Possibly R & TTE Directive	868 MHz
CEPT(European regional)*	EN 300 220	868 MHz
Chile	Possibly R & TTE Directive	868 MHz
China	CNAS/MITT EN 300 220	868 MHz
Colombia	Possibly ANATEL	868 MHz
Ecuador	N.A.	Note1
El Salvador	Possibly R & TTE Directive	868 MHz
French Guiana	ETSI EN 300 220	868 MHz
Guatemala	N.A.	Note1
Hong Kong	Possibly 315MHz	Note1
India	Possibly 315MHz	Note1
Israel	Possibly 315MHz	Note1
Jamaica	N.A.	Note1
Japan 920**	ARIB STD-T108	928 MHz
Malaysia	SKMM WTS SRD / EN 300 220	868 MHz
Mexico	We believe Mexico does not accept FCC	868 MHz
Nicaragua	N.A.	Note1
Peru	N.A.	Note1
Panama	FCC CFR47 Part 15.249	902 MHz
Russia	N.A.	
Singapore	TS SRD / EN 300 220	868 MHz
South Africa	CASA / EN 300 220	868 MHz
South Korea	N.A.	
Suriname	N.A.	Note1
Taiwan	Possibly 315 MHz	Note1
Trinidad & Tabago	N.A.	Note1
Turks & Caicos Islands	Possibly R & TTE Directive	868 MHz
UAE	EN 300 220	868 MHz
Uruguay	N.A.	Note1
USA / Canada	FCC CFR47 Part 15.249	315 MHz, 902 MHz



50W Multiple-Stage Constant Current Mode LED Driver **LCM-60U** series

Note1: It is suggested to check with local accredited certification agency.

*CEPT is the European regional organization dealing with postal and telecommunications issues and presently has 45 Members: Albania, Andorra, Austria, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Moldova, Monaco, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Russian Federation, San Marino, Serbia and Montenegro, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom, and Vatican.

**In February 2012, Japanese regulatory body ARIB(Association of Radio Industries and Businesses) released new 920 MHZ frequency band for radio equipment, due to LTE rollout, The 950 MHZ frequency band will be obsolete by end of 2015.