## Ceiling Mount DALI-2 Multi-Sensor

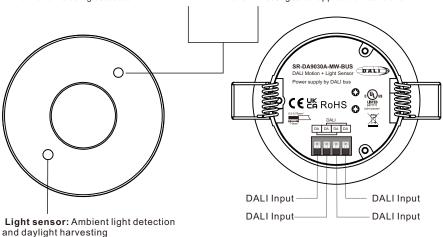


Important: Read All Instructions Prior to Installation

### **Function introduction**

Motion sensor indicator (Red): flashes once when motion is being detected. Stays off when no motion is being detected.

DALI signal indicator (Green): flashes when receives DALI signal from application controller and reports event messages to application controller.



## **Product Description**

The ceiling mount multi-sensor is DALI-2 and D4i certified device which combines motion sensor and light sensor. The device performs motion detection and measures illuminance level. The D4i certified multi-sensor can work with D4i LED drivers or luminaires, the luminaires just need to be connected to mains power. The result is increased occupant comfort and significant energy savings that meet the most demanding building energy codes. The sensor is suitable for high bay applications which need large detection area and sensor based automation.

The multi-sensor is directly powered by DALI bus, no extra power supply required.

## Commissioning

The multi-sensor is a DALI-2 certified device as defined in the IEC 62386 (2014) standard and can be integrated into DALI-2 systems of other vendors. It is easily configurable through a DALI-2 compliant central control unit.

The DALI-2 multi-sensor supports 2 instances standardized according to DALI: motion detector instance (303) for motion detection and light sensor instance (304) for light measurement. The multi-sensor is designed to be used in conjunction with a DALI-2 compliant central control unit. Each instance can be configured individually.

### **Product Data**

## **Physical Information**

Dimensions / Weight	See dimensions	
Cutting Hole	70-73mm	
Material / Color	ABS / White	
Wire Gauge	26-16 AWG (0.2-1.3 mm2)	
Strip Length	0.28-0.35 in. / 7-9 mm	

#### **Electrical Information**

Power Supply	DALI Bus	
Typical DALI Current Draw	10mA	
Control	DALI	
Marking Terminals	DA	
Motion Detection Indicator	Red (motion detection)	
DALI Indicator	Green (DALI)	

#### Sensing

Motion Detection (62386 - 303)	Microwave sensor	
Microwave High Frequency	5.8 GHz ±75 MHz ISM band	
Detection Sensitivity	0-15 Configurable, 0 is the highest sensitivity	
Light Sensor (62386 - 304)	Event: 0-1000 Lux (10bit), resolution: 10lux	
Mounting Height	Up to 49ft (15m), recommended height: 13-26ft (4-8m)	
Detection Angle	150° (wall), 360° (ceiling)	
Function	Configurable	

#### Environment

Operating Temperature Range		32°F to 104°F / 0°C to 40°C (indoor use only)	
Operating Humidity 0-95% (non condensing)		0-95% (non condensing)	
Safety Certification cULus Listed, CE		cULus Listed, CE	

## **Key Features**

- · DALI-2 & D4i certified
- Microwave motion detection
- Dual antennas, long detection range
- Motion sensor instance type 3 (303)
- Illuminance measurement
- Light sensor instance type 4 (304)
- · Autonomous sensor-based control
- · Ceiling recessed installation

### Benefits

- · Cost-effective solution for energy savings
- Energy code compliance
- Compatible with universal DALI-2 compliant central control unit that supports sensor input devices

### Applications

- Warehouses
- Factories
- Open offices
- Individual offices
- Conference rooms
- Classrooms
- Retail stores
- Hospitals
- Lobbies
- Photo Controls
- Central Management System

## Safety & Warnings

- · DO NOT install with power applied to device.
- DO NOT expose the device to moisture.

## **Application & Function**

### Instances

The DALI-2 multi-sensor supports 2 instances standardized according to DALI: occupancy sensor instance (303) for motion detection and light sensor instance (304) for light measurement.

- Instance number 0: instance type is Occupancy sensor
- Instance number 1: instance type is Light sensor

### Instances-General

Each instance can be configured individually. Some settings have the same functionality for all sensor instances and are therefore described in this section. Instance specific settings are explained for each individual instances in the following respective sections.

### Enable/Disable

If instances are not required, they can be deactivated. In this case, event messages are not sent, and the measured values are not updated. They can, however, still be queried via a "Query" command, and the DALI-2 configuration commands and queries are still supported.

## **Event Scheme**

The event scheme determines which information is transferred with the event. This information is required, to enable recognition and / filtering of events on the bus. The following 5 options are available:

- Instance addressing: instance type and instance number
- Device Addressing: device address and instance type
- Device/Instance Addressing: device address and instance number
- Device Group Addressing: device group and instance type
- Instance Group Addressing: instance group and instance type

**Instance group**: up to three instance groups can be assigned for each instance. Only the "Primary Group" is used for the event.

**Instance type:** the instance type defines which DALI-2 standard is valid for this instance. (The different instance types are specified in the DALI-2 standard.)

Instance number: each instance in a device has a unique instance number.

**Device group**: The device can be assigned to up to 32 device groups (0...31). The lowest device group is used for the event.

**Device address**: a device address (or short address) (0..63) can be assigned to each device. With this the device can be clearly addressed. (Identical short addresses should be avoided.)

## **Event Priority**

The event priority determines the order in which events are sent when they occur simultaneously on the bus. Priority 2 = highest and 5 = lowest.

#### **Dead Time**

The dead time can be set for each instance. It determines the time that must pass before an event can be sent again. This also applies if the event information (measured value) changes. If no dead time is required, it can be deactivated.

## **Report Time**

If the event information does not change, the event is sent cyclically with the report time. The report time can be set for each instance. It determines the maximum time between a sent event and re-sending.

#### **Hysteresis**

Not every change in value leads to an event being generated. The hysteresis can be used to set which percentage change is necessary to trigger a new transmission. Attention, the hysteresis band is not arranged symmetrically. The following applies:

## Increasing value

The condition for an event is only fulfilled if the next value falls below the previous value minus the hysteresis or if the next value is greater than the previous value.

#### Decreasing value

the condition for an event is only fulfilled if the next value exceeds the previous value plus the hysteresis or the next value is smaller than the previous value.

## Hysteresis Min

Hysteresis Min is the minimal hysteresis value that cannot be fallen below of.

## Instance 0 – Occupancy Sensor

Instance 0 is an instance standardized by DALI-2 (62386-303), for sensors that detect motion. All settings are implemented according to the standard. The instance is DALI-2 certified.

The sensor switches between the following states:

- People in the room and movement (0xFF)
- · People in the room and no movement (0xAA)
- Empty room (0x00)

If the sensor detects movement, it immediately changes to the state: "people in the room and movement". This state is exited after 1 second at the earliest if no further movement is detected. In this case it changes to the state "People in the room and no movement". After the hold time has expired it changes to the state "Empty room"- Vacant.

**Hold Time**: hold time is the time that must pass before the state "people in the room and no movement" is changed to the state "empty room". If movement is detected during this time the state is changed back to: "People in the room and movement". (min. 1 second)

**Query Input Value**: The current sensor state can be queried using this DALI command. The following values are possible: 0x00, 0xAA,0xFF (see paragraph above for the possible states)

**Event**: the sensor status is transmitted by events. The following event information is available:

Event name	Event Information	Description		
No movement	00 00000b	No movement detected. Corresponding trigger is the 'No movement' trigger.		
Movement	00 00001b	Movement detected. Corresponding trigger is the 'Movement' trigger.		
Vacant	00 0000 -00-b	The area has become vacant. Corresponding trigger is the 'Vacant' trigger.		
Still vacant	00 0000 -10-b	The area is still vacant. The event occurs at regular intervals as long as the vacant condition holds. Corresponding trigger is the 'Repeat' trigger.		
Occupied	00 0000 -01-b	The area has become occupied. Corresponding trigger is the 'Occupied' trigger.		
Still occupied	00 0000 -11-b	The area is still occupied. The event occurs at regular intervals as long as the occupied condition holds. Corresponding trigger is the 'Repeat' trigger.		
Movement sensor	ovement sensor 00 0000 1b The current event is triggered by a movement based sensor.			
	1x xxxx xxxxb			
	01 xxxx xxxxb	Reserved.		
	00 1xxx xxxxb			
	00 01xx xxxxb			
	00 001x xxxxb			
	00 0001 xxxxb			

For more details please refer to the standard IEC62386-303.

Event filter: The event filter defines for which status change an event is generated.

Filter arrangement:

Bit0: Occupied Event active

Bit1: Vacant Event active

Bit2: Still Vacant/Occupied Event active

Bit3: Movement Event active

Bit4: No Movement Event active

Bit5..Bit7: unused

**Report Time**: report time can only be set if the event filter "Repeat" is activated and the events: "Still Vacant" and "Still Occupied" are enabled. The time between sending a "Still-Event" again is determined by the Report Time.

#### Configuring Instance 0 – Occupancy Sensor

1. Set filter (SET EVENT FILTER): 1 Byte, corresponding relationship of each BIT and default value are as follows:

Bit	Description	Value	Default
0	Occupied event enabled?	"1" = "Yes"	1
1	Vacant event enabled?	"1" = "Yes"	1
2	Repeat event enabled?	"1" = "Yes"	0
3	Movement event enabled?	"1" = "Yes"	0
4	No movement event enabled?	"1" = "Yes"	0
5	Reserved	0	0
6	Reserved	0	0
7	Reserved	0	0

This command value: 0x68

2. Set hold time (SET HOLD TIMER (DTR0))

1 Byte, (1---255), actual value: HOLD TIMER 10S

This command value: 0x21

3. Set report time (SET REPORT TIMER (DTR0))

1 Byte, (0---255), actual value: REPORT TIMER 1S

This command value: 0x22

4. Set dead time (SET DEADTIME TIMER (DTR0))

1 Byte, (0---255), actual value: DEADTIME TIMER 50MS

This command value: 0x23

5. Set sensor sensitivity (SET sensitivity (DTR0))

1 Byte, (0---100), valid value range is 0---15, 0 is the highest sensitivity, 15 is the lowest sensitivity

This command value: 0x26

6. Query sensor sensitivity (SET sensitivity (DTR0))

1 Byte, (0---100),

This command value: 0x2b

7. Query instance resolution (QUERY RESOLUTION)

The resolution of occupancy sensor input value is 2,

This command value: 0X81

8. Query current input value of instance (QUERY INPUT VALUE)

Input values of occupancy sensor (4 values: 0 0x55 0xaa 0xff),

This command value: 0x8c

## Instance 1 – Light Sensor

Instance 1 is an instance standardized by DALI-2 (62386-304). All settings are implemented according to the standard. The instance is DALI-2 certified.

The current light value (lux) is measured by the sensor and can either be queried using a "Query" command or can be automatically provided by the sensor using an event.

The measuring range is 0Lux ... 1000Lux. The resolution differs between queries and generated events. A query supports an event resolution of 10Lux (10Bit).

Hysteresis: For information on the hysteresis see section Instances -General: Hysteresis

**Hysteresis Min**: set in lux. For general information on the hysteresis min see section Instances – General: Hysteresis Min

**Event Filter**: The light instance generates only one event with 10-bit resolution (0... 1000 lux, step size 10lux). If the filter is deactivated, no events will be sent.

**Event**: the illuminance level is transmitted by event. The following event information is available:

Event name	Event Information	Description
illuminance level report	illuminanceEvent	An illuminance level report, passing the actual illuminance level along.

For more details please refer to the standard IEC62386-304.

## Configuring Instance 1 - Light Sensor

1. Set filter (SET EVENT FILTER): 1 Byte, only 1 BIT used, corresponding relationship and default value are as follows:

Bit	Description	Value	Default
0	Illuminance level event enabled?	"1" = "Yes"	1
1	Reserved	0	0
2	Reserved	0	0
3	Reserved	0	0
4	Reserved	0	0
5	Reserved	0	0
6	Reserved	0	0
7	Reserved	0	0

This command value: 0x68

2. Set report time (SET REPORT TIMER (DTR0))

1 Byte, (0---255), actual value: REPORT TIMER 1S

This command value: 0x30

3. Set dead time (SET DEADTIME TIMER (DTR0))

1 Byte, (0---255), actual value: DEADTIME TIMER 50MS

This command value: 0x32

4. Set hysteresis (SET HYSTERESIS (DTR0))

1 Byte, (0---25%), actual value: HYSTERESIS current illuminance value

This command value: 0x31

5. Set hysteresis min (SET HYSTERESIS MIN (DTR0))

1 Byte, (0---255)

This command value: 0x33

6. Query instance resolution (QUERY RESOLUTION)

The resolution of illuminace is 10,

This command value: 0x81

7. Query instance current value (QUERY INPUT VALUE)

Current value of illuminance (0-1000),

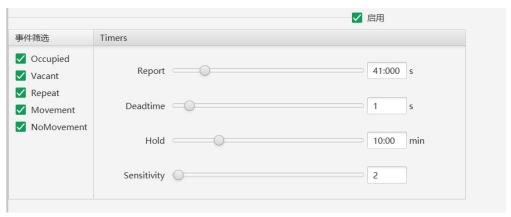
This command value: 0x8c

8. Query instance current latch value (QUERY INPUT VALUE LATCH)

This command value: 0X8d

# Configuration Interface

## **Events & Timer Configuration**



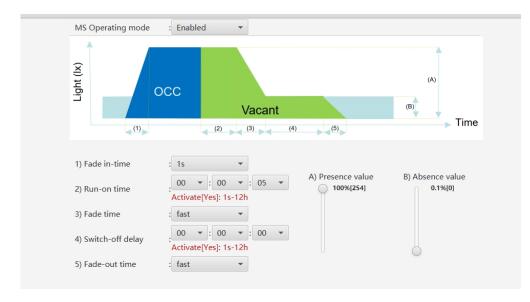
**Report**: this means report time, if the event information does not change, the event is sent cyclically with the report time. The report time can be set for each instance. It determines the maximum time between a sent event and re-sending.

**Deadtime**: this means dead time, the dead time can be set for each instance. It determines the time that must pass before an event can be sent again. This also applies if the event information (measured value) changes. If no dead time is required, it can be deactivated.

**Hold**: this means hold time, hold time is the time that must pass before the state "people in the room and no movement" is changed to the state "empty room". If movement is detected during this time the state is changed back to: "People in the room and movement".

Sensitivity: this means motion detection sensitivity, available setting range is 0-15, 0 is highest sensitivity, 15 is the lowest sensitivity.

## Delay Time & Fade Time & Brightness Configuration



(1) Fade in time: this means the time that the destined DALI luminaires take to fade from current state to the configured state when the movement detected and the room is occupied.

**OCC** area: this area means "occupied and movement" (people in the room and movement) is triggered. Then report timer is re-triggered, during the report time, no movement detected, after report time expired, the "occupied and no movement" (people in the room and no movement) is triggered.

(2) Run on time: this means hold time, which will be triggered when "occupied and no movement" (people in the room and no movement) state is reported, only after the hold time expired, the state "vacancy" (empty room) can be triggered.

(3) Fade time: this means the time that the destined DALI luminaires take to fade from the configured state when the room is occupied to the configured state when the room is empty.

(4) Switch-off delay: this means how long the configured state of the destined DALI luminaires when the room is empty will last.

(5) Fade out time: this means the time that the destined DALI luminaires take to fade from the configured state when the room is empty to off state.

(A) Presence value: this means the configured state of destined DALI luminaires when the room is occupied (people in the room).

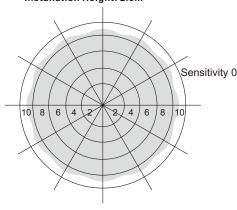
**(B) Absence value**: this means the configured state of destined DALI luminaires when the room is vacancy (no people in the room).

#### **Detection Area**

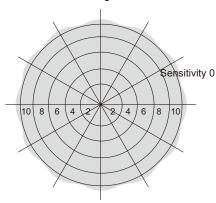
#### Note:

- 1) Following different detection areas are based on different installation heights & patterns.
- 2) For all detection areas, the sensitivity is set to 0 the highest.
- 3) For all detection areas, the movement speed is 0.2-0.3m/S.

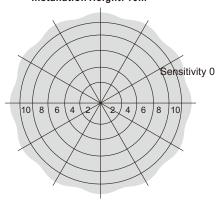
Ceiling Pattern (Unit: m) Installation Height: 2.5m



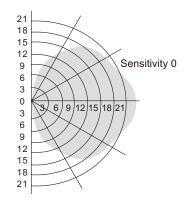
Ceiling Pattern (Unit: m) Installation Height: 5m



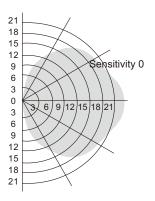
Ceiling Pattern (Unit: m) Installation Height: 10m



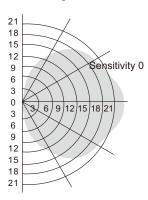
Wall Pattern (Unit: m)
Installation Height: 2.5m



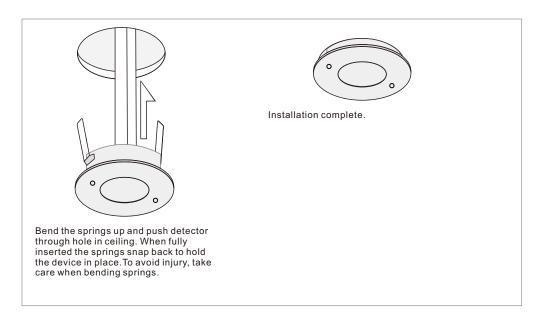
Wall Pattern (Unit: m)
Installation Height: 5m



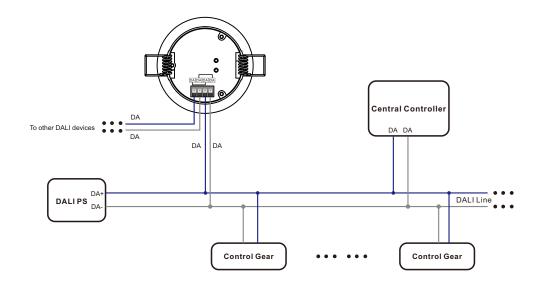
Wall Pattern (Unit: m)
Installation Height: 10m



## Installation



## Wiring Diagram



## **Product Dimension**

